

SPAIN HAS HAD ENOUGH

Would Gladly Accept Terms of Peace.

APPEALS TO POWERS

No Hope For Her Now at Santiago.

CERVERA'S FLEET USELESS

Schley Has the Spanish Admiral Completely at His Mercy—The War Department Wisely Reticent as to Military and Naval Movements—Affairs at Havana and Porto Rico—News From the Philippines.

LONDON, June 10.—The Madrid correspondent of the Daily Mail says: "There is little doubt that Spain, seeing the hopelessness of further continuing the war, is approaching the powers with a view to obtaining an honorable peace. The cabinet council today finally authorized Duke Almodovar de Rio to exchange diplomatic action and in consequence the Duke is now conferring with certain ambassadors and ministers in Madrid."

"Instructions have been telegraphed to the Spanish minister in Vienna and under likewise given to the Austrian minister at Madrid, to proceed at once to the Austrian capital. Spain is unquestionably looking to Austria for assistance in her distress."

"Probably General Augusti will be ordered to make the best terms he can with Admiral Dewey. A minister has informed me that if reinforcements were on their way to the Philippines, Augusti would be ordered to hold out to the last, but as they were not, Augusti would act according to circumstances, a mild euphemism for surrendering."

OFFICIAL RETICENCE.

An Engagement of Some Kind Expected in Cuba Today.

WASHINGTON, June 9.—It became apparent this afternoon that the war department through the energetic efforts of the experts, had succeeded entirely in its purpose to keep the movements of the United States troops a secret, for beyond at the close of the day, it was impossible to learn where the United States troops which had been for weeks gathered under command of General Shafter in Florida. Stories of the appearance of a mysterious warship in Cuban waters floated through the navy department during the day. The officers quickly condemned them, declaring that if the boats were Spanish they were nothing more than some unarmed launches, and not to be feared by any number of transports conveyed by such fine gunboats as the Helena and Bancroft.

When these stories reached the war department they were denied with a frank spirit. Nothing is more helpless in warfare than an unarmed troopship full of soldiers. She would fall an easy victim to the swiftest gunboat and the soldiers, knowing their weakness in this respect, are loath to undertake to cross the Florida straits until these disagreeable visitors have been removed from the pathway. Without respect to the character of the strange craft that are said to be dodging the blockaders at Havana, they will be removed from the scene of action in short notice, as it is understood that Sampson has been acquainted with the situation and will be expected to redeem his promise to provide safe conduct to the army when called upon. He has ample force to conduct the operations at Santiago to a successful issue and still spare vessels of any power desirable for use in the Florida straits.

It was pointed out today by a naval officer that the Admiral, since the arrival of the marine battalion on the Panther, has at his disposal what he may regard as a sufficient force of men to capture Santiago, even before the troops arrive. The 800 marines on the Panther, added to the marines already at the fleet, would make a total of about 1,200 men. Without impairing the efficiency of his ships, Admiral Sampson could spare 1,000 bluejackets for a landing party and with this total force of 1,200, if the insurgents, who have been armed by the United States government, do their share, it seems possible for Sampson to capture Santiago at any time.

It seems to be a very decided article of faith, this afternoon among the officials who are acquainted with the campaign that almost warranted a conclusion that an engagement of some kind was expected today.

Steady progress is being made upon the shore under construction by the government at the several navy yards,

as revealed by the monthly report from the various reports to Chief Constructor Higginson. On the battleships the Newport News people are ahead, having the Keokuk and Kentucky 99 per cent advanced toward completion and the Illinois 46 per cent. Cramp & Sons report the Alabama 53 per cent along and the Union Iron Works have progressed 38 per cent with the Wisconsin.

Ten torpedo boats are now actually under construction and have been completed to the following extent:

The Trowan, 26-knotter, building at Moran Bros., Seattle, 95.5 per cent.

The Dahlgren, 20-knotter, building at the Bath Iron Works, Bath, Me., 75 per cent.

The Tann Graven, 30-knotter, Bath Iron Works, Bath, Me., 50 per cent.

The Paraguet, 20-knotter, Union Iron Works, San Francisco, 99 per cent.

The Davis and Fox, 22.5-knotters, Wolf & Zwickler, Portland, Ore., 35 and 32 per cent respectively.

The Menzies, 30-knotter, Charles Hallam, Philadelphia, 99 per cent.

The submarine boat Plunger, building at the Columbian Iron Works, Baltimore, similar in many respects to the Holland, is said to be 72 per cent advanced.

AT SANTIAGO.

Cervera is Hopelessly Bottled Up.

Copyrighted, 1898, by Associated Press. OFF SANTIAGO DE CUBA, Saturday, June 5.—Via Kingston, Jamaica, Monday, June 6.—A m. After driving the Spanish fleet, which was bottled up into a mere protected position, in the harbor by the bombardment of Tuesday, Commander Schley opened communication with the insurgents 18 miles from Santiago to the east. They were urged to obtain, if possible, the names and numbers of the vessels of the fleet inside the harbor, as the contour of the land at the entrance made it impossible to accurately determine by a view from the American fleet just how many vessels of the Spanish squadron were there.

On Friday afternoon Lieutenant Sharp went to the place of rendezvous and received from the insurgents a map of the harbor showing the entire Cape Verde fleet, with the exception of the Destroyer Terror, inside and close up to the batteries of the Spanish fleet. The guns mounted on the Blanco battery at the northern extremity of the harbor. The definiteness of this information naturally gave Commander Schley great satisfaction.

With Admiral Sampson's arrival Wednesday the blockade was much strengthened and the plans to starve the city, its troops and the enemy's fleet were pushed vigorously.

Just how long Santiago can stand besieging is a matter of conjecture.

Since Sunday last, when Cervera's squadron was pinned up by Schley, nothing has gone in and the auxiliary cruiser St. Paul captured about 4,000 tons of coal consigned to the port. It is thoroughly believed that only a short time will be needed to bring Santiago to a starvation basis. Naturally the fleet has a supply, perhaps for two months, but the Spanish soldiers cannot be maintained on this.

An important fact was learned today from the insurgents with whom communication has been opened. There are not 20,000 soldiers, as has been stated, in this part of the province of Santiago de Cuba, but only about 6,000. Even these are badly fed and much disheartened.

A NATIONAL "SEDAN."

How the Spaniards Talk of the Santiago Affair.

LONDON, June 10.—The Madrid correspondent of the Daily News, telegraphing by way of Honduras, France, says:

"The message to the government from Captain General Augusti as to the situation at Manila was held back, and it is alleged was greatly toned down before publication. It has aroused the national anger, for the Spanish chief instructively to the Philippines, though they are ready enough to abandon Cuba, which is regarded as a monster that devours the youth of Spain."

"Slightly less so, as alternative but a surrender to Admiral Dewey. The government seems unable to take resolution, but drifts and hopes something will turn up."

"There is a feeling of anxiety over the possibility of an American attack upon the Spanish fleet. People here are full of talk of Santiago as a naval Sedan."

UNCONFIRMED.

Santiago de Cuba May Have Surrendered.

Copyrighted, 1898, by Associated Press. CAPE HAYTIE, Hayti, June 9.—8:30 a. m.—A man who arrived here today in a schooner from the Bahamas about 110 miles north of Hayti, says it was reported there on Tuesday that Santiago de Cuba had been taken by the Americans.

Cable communication between Cape Hayti and Cuba is still interrupted.

CUBA ISOLATED.

Everything Ready for the Invading Army to Land.

Copyrighted, 1898, by Associated Press. With the blockading fleet off Santiago, June 8.—10 p. m.—Via Mole St. Nicholas, June 9.—6 p. m.—Lieutenant Hobson and his little companions in the exploit of sinking the earlier American ships, the entrance to the harbor of Santiago, will not be exchanged for some time.

Today Admiral Cervera sent a flag of truce to Admiral Sampson with a message that the prisoners were in the hands of the military authorities and that the military governor of Santiago and to Governor-General Blanco. The plan of exchange submitted by Admiral Sampson to Admiral Cervera is thus temporarily frustrated.

The United States cruiser Marblehead and the auxiliary cruiser Yankee and St. Louis were successful in cutting the cable at Guantanamo yesterday, after firing on a Spanish gunboat and the old fashioned fortifications there. Cuba is thus cut off from all communication with the outside world. The army of invasion is eagerly awaited and everything is ready for its receipt. The blockade has been uneventful since Monday.

At midnight next Wednesday night, in the Congressional church, Rev. J. W. Webb will deliver a lecture on "The Invasion of Cuba." The lecture will be under the auspices of the Good Templars. Admission free.

SAMPSON IS VICTORIOUS

Batteries at Santiago Silenced.

HEAVY BOMBARDMENT

The Landing of Troops is Unconfirmed.

WAR OFFICIALS SKEPTICAL

The Navy Department Has Vested Sampson With Full Powers and Has Perfect Confidence in Him—The Bombardment Said to be Preliminary to a Formidable Attack on Santiago by Sea and Land—Spaniards Seem to Reveal the Same Characteristics as at Manila, Courage and Poor Marksmanship.

WASHINGTON, June 7.—Shortly after 7 o'clock this evening information confirmatory of the Associated Press dispatches concerning the bombardment of the fortifications of Santiago reached the navy department. It came in the form of a cablegram from Admiral Sampson, which was made public in the following bulletin:

"Secretary of the Navy Bombardees at Santiago, 7:30 to 10 a. m. today, June 6th. Silenced works quickly without injury to any land, though within two thousand yards."

"While the officials of the navy department declined to say definitely whether the bulletin contained all the information given in Admiral Sampson's cablegram, there is reason to believe that it did not. The officials refused to discuss the subject or to vouchsafe further information than was posted on the bulletin board."

Only one additional point was elicited by questioning. That was that the cablegram contained no information about the landing of either land forces or marines.

The information received from Admiral Sampson was evidently quite satisfactory to the naval authorities. While they declined to discuss either the reasons for, or the probable consequences of the bombardment, they were thoroughly satisfied with the results accomplished. It is pretty well understood the bombardment was for the purpose of paving the way either for the landing of troops or to cover the landing of marines.

Dispatches received by the Associated Press from Spanish sources tonight indicate that a landing was effected either during or immediately after the bombardment. This is regarded by naval authorities as entirely reasonable.

It is deemed likely that Sampson landed a sufficient force of marines to take the ground he had gained and to make preparations for landing the regular forces upon their arrival. If indeed, some of them are not already at hand.

THE NEW BONDS.

Will be Placed on the Market Forthwith.

WASHINGTON, June 7.—Preparations are substantially complete at the treasury department to invite offers for the bonds for carrying on the Spanish war as soon as the bonds are authorized by congress. Bonds have already been prepared, addressed to every national bank to the postmasters at every money order office and to the representatives of certain exporters companies who have offered to aid in the placing of the loan.

The circulars announcing the loan will be placed in these envelopes and dispatched as soon as the exact terms of the loan of congress are known. It is the present intention to offer \$25,000,000 in bonds at once, reserving the right to issue an additional \$100,000,000 under the proposal of the minority of the finance commission, in case an additional issue becomes necessary.

JUNCTION EFFECTED.

Cuban Insurgents Ready to Greet Americans.

Copyrighted, 1898, by Associated Press. CAPE HAYTIE, Hayti, June 7.—10 p. m.—According to advices from Santiago de Cuba, dated Monday at midnight, the bombardment which began at 7:30 a. m. yesterday and continued until 10:30 a. m. was resumed again for a short time about midnight. It was then believed that the Americans had effected a junction with the insurgents near Daiquiri, some distance east of Aguadores and near the railway line to Santiago.

AT WASHINGTON.

War Officials Discredit the Landing of Troops.

WASHINGTON, June 7.—Starting out with a strong belief that there had been nothing in the nature of a serious engagement between Sampson's forces and the Spanish defenses at Santiago, the navy department officials, as the day wore on, and the full details of the report of the Associated Press from the correspondents with the fleet began to flow in, were compelled to modify

their view, and when the day closed they were about ready to admit that although without official information on the subject, it was evident that Sampson had made a strong attack upon the Spanish forces.

The one point upon which they maintained their position was that no troops had been landed. They were prepared to learn that Sampson might be clearing the way with his big guns for the landing of the troops or that possibly some marines had been landed temporarily, but that forces had been put ashore they would not admit. For the reason that no information had reached the war department of the actual departure of the soldiers from the gulf ports for Cuba. It is not denied, however, that every effort is being made to put the troops into Cuba at the earliest possible moment, and this afternoon it is believed, although no official advices to that effect were at hand, that the troops have actually been embarking at Tampa today and may get away tonight. The reason for this belief is found in the admission by officials that the troops have been under orders to embark for some time past. The difficulty that presented itself was the absence of absolutely necessary supplies, which in most cases were stored away in some of the thousands of freight cars which blocked the railroad tracks miles out from Tampa. The orders that went forward yesterday were of a character to cause a speedy breaking of the deadlock, and if the troops now have these supplies, which is believed to be the case, there is no reason why they should not be sent to Santiago.

By the newspaper reports of the breach Sampson has made in the coast defenses there, there is every reason to believe that little difficulty will be found in the actual disembarkation of the troops, particularly if the marines are already ashore to guard the landing.

A suspicion is entertained in some quarters that Sampson was hastened in his movements at Santiago by the news of the intended departure of the troops from Tampa, and made this attack in order that the navy might have the honor of effecting the occupation of Cuban soil. It is likely that the first troops of the regular army to take up a position ashore will be the engineer battalion, although they are so badly hampered by the heavy siege trains they carry that they must be greatly delayed in making a landing. These guns, by the way, have given infinite trouble for the transports that were hastily chartered were so lightly constructed as to require a great deal of strengthening before the great masses of ordnance could be safely placed on them.

The extent of Sampson's attack on the Santiago defenses have brought out one fact very clearly, namely, that he has practically unlimited power as to the time and character of an attack, and that he is unhampered by restrictions of the regular army. The nature of his orders have never been made public, but a naval official in a position to know what they are, said that Admiral Sampson had greater power conferred upon him than had ever been given to any commander.

A PROTECTORATE.

How Some Would Solve the Philippine Problem.

LONDON, June 7.—The Hongkong correspondent of the Times says: "A proclamation issued by Aguinaldo, the insurgent chief, points to a desire to set up a native administration in the Philippines under an American protectorate. Aguinaldo, with an advisory council, would hold the dictatorship until the conquest of the islands, and then would establish a republican assembly."

"Aguinaldo has issued orders that the lives and property of Europeans, Americans and all Spanish subjects are to be protected and that all excesses are to be avoided."

OREGON IN LINE

Gives Republicans a Fine Majority.

The Fusion Movement Gets a Decided Rebuke at the Polls.

PORTLAND, Ore., June 7.—Practically complete returns from twenty-five out of thirty-two counties of the state give the following returns:

For Governor—Gerr (Republican), 57,548; King (Fusionist), 28,078. Gerr's plurality, 29,470.

For United States Senator, First district—Tongue (Republican), 18,874; Veatch (Fusionist), 18,555. Tongue's plurality, 1,319.

Second district—Moody (Republican), 15,347; Donaldson (Fusionist), 10,774. Moody's plurality, 4,573.

The local vote was and as follows: Senate—Republicans, 45; opposition, 2. House—Republicans, 41; opposition, 11. Joint ticket—Republicans, 55; opposition, 22. W. S. Mason (Republican) for Mayor has a plurality of 1,160 and when the complete county is in his hands will probably be 2,500.

NO FUSION.

This Outcome is Generally Conceded.

The Next Democratic State Convention to be Held About September 1st.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 7.—The Democratic State central committee will meet on Saturday and decide on the time and place for holding the state convention. Santa Cruz and Sacramento want the convention held at San Francisco. It is generally conceded that there will be no fusion between the Democrats, Silver Republicans and Populists. The convention of the latter party is called for July 1st at Sacramento.

Young Fitch Held to Answer.

STOCKTON, June 8.—The preliminary examination of Thomas Fitch, charged with assault with a deadly weapon with intent to commit murder upon Attorney Charles Patrick, resulted in Fitch being held to answer before the superior court with bail fixed at \$2,000.

CAIMANERA BOMBARDED

Another Spanish Fort in Ruins.

HAVOC BY SHELL FIRE

Spanish Soldiers Flee in Hot Haste.

WAY OPEN FOR SHAFTER

Caimanera is Only 50 Miles From Santiago and the General Has a Choice of a Landing Place Anywhere along the Beach Between the two Bays of San- tiago and Guantanamo—Cable Communication With Santiago Cut Off.

Copyrighted, 1898, by Associated Press. CAPE HAYTIE, Hayti, June 5.—8:10 p. m.—It is reported here that a great battle has taken place at Caimanera, in the bay of Guantanamo. At half past five o'clock yesterday morning (Tuesday) five ships of the American squadron opened a heavy bombardment of the fortifications of the town.

There was a perfect hail of bombs in the bay, striking and demolishing many houses beyond the fortifications. On the Spanish side the artillery replied vigorously, maintaining for some time a stout resistance.

The fire from the warships, however, never slackened for an instant. It was regular and carefully directed and a great majority of the shots proved effective. The Spaniards were forced to abandon their position on the shore and retreat to the town of Caimanera proper. It is supposed that later they fled from this position also with the inhabitants. Information reached here that the Spanish at Santiago and Caimanera are preparing for a final desperate struggle and are determined to resist the assaults of the Americans to the last extremity.

The commander of the district issued an order yesterday to burn Caimanera before yielding it into the hands of the Americans. The latter forced the entrance to the bay of Guantanamo and according to the latest advices from Caimanera, it was feared that the Americans would make an effort to land forces there this (Wednesday) afternoon. Measures to prevent this, if possible, have been taken by the Spaniards. The American fleet was still maintaining its position.

Cable communication with Cuba, which has been interrupted for many hours, was partially restored this afternoon, but it is still difficult and precarious.

The report of the bombardment at Caimanera came by cable. The bombardment destroyed a little house which sheltered the shore connection of the French cable at Caimanera, though whether by the explosion of the bombs from the water or by explosives used by a party sent for that purpose, is not known. The cables uniting the main cable with the office at Caimanera and the town of Caimanera with Santiago were cut, thus accounting for the prolonged absence of intelligence here as to operations in that vicinity. It is also believed that the cable at Santiago is cut, as no direct news from Santiago has yet been received at Cape Hayti since Monday at midnight.

ADDRESS TO THE FLAG.

A Memorial of Dewey's Exploit at Manila.

WASHINGTON, June 8.—A delegation from the Young Men's Business Club of Chinatown brought to the White House today a very beautiful illuminated copy of "the address to the American flag," written by Drake. This was intended for presentation to Rear Admiral George Dewey, as a token of admiration of the magnificent ability and brave bravery displayed by him in the planning and execution of the battle of Manila, of the great victory, which started the world, proving American officers of the army and navy are unequalled.

The magnificent piece of work was carried over to the navy department, where it will be held subject to Admiral Dewey's disposition.

There is considerable mystery concerning the cutting of the cables running out of Cuba and the continuance of cable service from that island. The French cable running from Santiago to Cape Hayti went out of service last Friday and remained out of working condition until Sunday. During the two hours' interruption the cable company was unable to carry any business over this line. There is little doubt that the interruptions were due to the work of the cable cutting ship sent out by General Greely and in charge of signal service operators.

But the mystery of the affair is that the French cable began working again on Saturday. How this came about is beyond explanation, for the last cable sent out by the French cable company was much in the dark on this point as

SHAFTER IS OFF FOR CUBA

Starts For Santiago With 27,000 Men.

Important Events Now to be Expected.

The Expeditionary Force Will Reach Its Destination on Saturday

CONTRABAND COAL

PHILADELPHIA, June 10.—The Press this morning states that agents of the government secret service are in possession of information indicating that hundreds of tons of coal have been supplied to agents of the Spanish revolution by dealers in this locality and that prosecutions which may send several prominent coal dealers to prison are imminent.

CAME IN TIME.

California Stock Safe From Starvation.

Herds Safe in Kern, Tulare and Kings Counties—Crops Improved.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 9.—The recent rains have been worth many thousands of dollars to the stock men of California. A fair amount of pastureage has sprung up in the foothills and there is an abundance of grass in the mountains. Except on the plains, there will be no need to look for the cattle until September, if not longer. The 40,000 head of cattle which have been sent to northern counties will not suffer.

In Kern county 100,000 head can be cared for in irrigated land. In Kings and Tulare counties, where there are 15,000 and in Tehama, there are 30,000 acres of pastureage.

It is estimated that, deducting the number of cattle sent out of the state, there is enough feed to last the herds until September, if not longer. The 40,000 head of cattle which have been sent to northern counties will not suffer.

"General Shafter is in chief command of the force, which is conveyed by the battleship Indiana and the gunboat Helena, while the training ship Bancroft is General Shafter's floating home."

"The transports are due at Santiago Friday night, or Saturday morning, and the landing will be attempted on Sunday. This should be effected without difficulty and no doubt by Sunday at the latest, the Stars and Stripes will float over Santiago de Cuba."

GARRISON DUTY.

Company C Boys Will Go to Benicia.

No Present Prospect for Them to Win Glory Abroad.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 8.—The Sixth California volunteers expect to be completely equipped by next Saturday evening. Within a week all the companies of the regiment now at the Presidio will be distributed to various points for duty. Company A, Captain Charles Dasher, was today transferred to Alcatraz Island, to relieve Battery K, United States Army, which joined the artillery camp at the Presidio. Alcatraz Captain Dasher commander at Alcatraz.

Company C, Captain George Duncan, and Company G, in command of Captain W. H. Cook, both of the First battalion, will, on or before next Saturday, go to Hawaii.

Company F, Under Captain Lucy, expects to go to Santa Cruz before the end of the week to perform duty at the powder works.

The remaining companies of the Sixth expect to be paid off on July 1st, when they will be entitled to two months' pay.

THE SANTIAGO AFFAIR.

Heavy Casualties on the Reina Mercedes.

LONDON, June 9.—The Madrid correspondent of the Standard says: "It is reported that during the engagement at Santiago two shells struck the Victoria and one the destroyer Furor."

"Press dispatches say that the Reina Mercedes suffered most from the shell fire which wounded her commander mortally, Captain Acosta. The total number of casualties on the ship was thirty-nine—the captain, five seamen and twenty-one marines killed and a lieutenant and eleven men wounded. Most of the Honoria and Krupp guns had before the action been placed in the Victoria battery."

"Admiral Cervera's squadron, which steam up, was lying behind the first line of defenses in the channel leading from the bay, ready to co-operate, but the land defenses sufficed to keep the American fleet from attempting to force the entrance."

"The loyalist dispatches, according to the press, took part in the gallant defense of Morro fort, losing two officers and several men. They also assisted the troops in opposing an American landing, which was attempted at two places."

PEPPER FOR GOVERNOR.

Kansas Prohibitionists Solid for Him.

EMPORIA, Kan., June 8.—Ex-United States Senator W. A. Pepper was nominated for Governor this afternoon by the prohibition vote. The nomination was by unanimous vote, after a delegate who had been sent to Topeka to interview Mr. Pepper had telegraphed that the ex-Senator would accept. The platform declares for prohibition and women's suffrage and endorses the action of the national government in the war with Spain.

Treasurer Widher's Shortage.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 8.—The trial of the local amount subscribed for the new 2 per cent government loan at the First National bank was \$1,050,000. Subscriptions are beginning to come in from other cities and towns.

Grain Market.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 9.—Wheat—Steady; December \$1.25; May \$1.27; July \$1.28; October \$1.17. Corn—Large \$1.00; Small \$1.05. Bran—\$1.40.

Alum

baking powder is almost as strong as Schilling's Best.

Yes, and prussic acid is stronger than vinegar.

the company's authorities here. All that the company's authorities here is that it could not do business on the 20th to the 31st. It is apparent that the cable was not cut, else it could not have resumed service. At the same time, nothing short of cutting the cable on the 20th.

The matter is further complicated by reports reaching the officials here today that the cable again stopped working at midnight on Monday. The condition of this cable is regarded as important by the authorities here as it is one of the means open to General Blanco in his communication with the Spanish authorities.

HONORS FOR HOBSON.

His Comrades Will be Well Re- membered Also.

WASHINGTON, June 8.—The President has directed Admiral Sampson to prepare and forward at once a detailed report of the gallant action of Lieut. Richmond Pearson Hobson at Santiago and as soon as it is received will send a special message to Congress recognizing the heroism displayed not only by Hobson himself, but by the men who accompanied him on the Merrimack. The order for a full report is already on the way. The president feeling it best to await official advices before taking the action he now contemplates.

What will be recommended for Hobson and his crew is not certain now, but there probably will be a recommendation for a full report is already on the way. The president feeling it best to await official advices before taking the action he now contemplates.

VERY GRAVE.

Captain General Augusti in Straits at Manila.

MADRID, June 8.—4 p. m.—The following communication from Captain General Augusti, dated at Manila, June 8, has been published: "The situation is very grave. Aguinaldo has succeeded in stirring up the country and the provinces. The province of Cavite has completely rebelled and the towns and villages are occupied by numerous bands. A Spanish column defends the province of Manila, but the force has been cut through Bulacan, Laguna and Misamis, so that Manila will thus be attacked by land and sea."

"I am striving to raise the courage of the inhabitants and will sustain every means of resistance, but I distrust the natives and the volunteers because there have already been many desertions. Bacoar and Imus have already been seized by the enemy."

"If an uprising is reached great proportions and if I cannot count upon the support of the country, the forces at my disposal will not suffice to hold the ground against the enemy."

General Corral, minister of war, and General Anacleto, minister of marine, have gone to the palace to confer with the Queen Regent as to General Augusti's communication.

It is reported that the Spaniards at Manila have already been compelled to take refuge in the fortified part of the town.

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What will be recommended for

[illegible]

Levin T. Fresno Colony school district
 1/2 lot, Fairview addition to Fresno, lot
 28 and 27, block 2, total value \$22, taxes
 and costs \$1.16, page 28.

Long Brothers, Fresno Colony school
 district, Fairview addition to Fresno,
 lots 10, 11, 12, 13, block 2, value
 \$86, 1/2 interest in lots 15 to 25, block 4,
 value \$86, total value \$211, taxes and costs
 \$6.72, page 29.

Lundberg C. M., Selma school district
 1/2 lot, addition to Selma, lots 12 and
 14, block 1, value \$41, improvements \$5,
 total value \$88, taxes and costs \$2.51, page
 29.

Lynch Michael, Fresno City school dis-
 trict, 1/2 lot, Longview Trust addition to
 Fresno, w/2 of lot 5 these 2 lots, block 1,
 value \$81, improvements \$20, total value
 \$101, taxes and costs \$3.00, page 30.

[illegible][illegible]

Mt Pleasant John W. Clovis school district, town of Clovis, lots 1, block 25, total value \$25, taxes and costs \$3.17, page 184.

Mt Pleasant John W. Clovis school district, town of Clovis, lots 1, 2 and 3, block 21, value \$89, improvements \$25, total value \$34, taxes and costs \$3.63, page 184.

M E Church South (Caruthers), Caruthers school district, town of Caruthers, lots 1 and 2, block 73, total value \$45, taxes and costs \$1.39, page 185.

Mamm Washington, Duke school district. Section 8 of 8th township 13, range 18, T. 13N. R. 18E. Containing 132.00 acres. Total value \$560, value after deduction \$490, taxes and costs \$1. 31. page 136.

Mamm Washington, Duke school district. Section 9 of 8th section 6, township 13, range 18, T. 13N. R. 18E. Containing 132.00 acres. Total value \$560, total value \$756, taxes and costs \$1. 30. page 133.

Morse John F. Durck school district. Section 5 of 4th township 19, range 18, T. 19N. R. 18E. Containing 132.00 acres. Total value \$576, taxes and costs \$1. 30. page 139.

Mitchell P. Huron school district. Town lot 10 addition to Huron, lots 11 and 12 block 21 total value \$4, taxes and costs 35 cents. page 176.

Miller Charles, Huron school district. Section 1 of 4th township 19, range 18, T. 19N. R. 18E. Containing 132.00 acres. Total value \$576, taxes and costs \$1. 30. page 139.

block 20, total value \$54, taxes and costs \$13, page 156.

Miller J. O. Huron school district, Huron's addition to Huron, lots 19 to 22, total value \$14, taxes and costs 69 cents, page 176.

Murray James, Kingsburg school district, town of Kingsburg, lots 17 to 18, block 18, total value \$55, taxes and costs \$12, page 162.

Nelene S. E. Selma school district, Huron's addition to Selma, lots 21 to 25, block 3, total value \$15, taxes and costs 59 cents, page 157.

Nelson Eugene, Selma school district, Tupper Tract addition to Selma, lots 1 to 10, block 1, total value \$18, taxes and costs 83 cents, page 157.

North S. Selma school district, Selma's addition to Selma, lots 1 to 10, block 1, total value \$18, taxes and costs 83 cents, page 157.

Mead Mary N. Houghton school district, ch. of sec. 2 township 38 S., range 17, for total value \$9, taxes and costs \$2.7, p. 153.

total value \$211, taxes and costs \$35, page 155.

Malone Peter, Empire school district, township 14, range 17, sec. 30, total value \$111, taxes and costs \$5.56, page 157.

Murphy G H, Houghton school district, township 14, range 17, sec. 30, total value \$135, taxes and costs \$5.56, page 157.

Martin John A Sr, Hancock school district, township 15, range 18, sec. 30, total value \$230, taxes and costs \$8.71, page 156.

May Seth, Sunnyside school district, township 14, range 12, sec. 30, total value \$193, taxes and costs \$5.09, page 151.

1/2 sec. section 10, township 11, range 130,
 14 acres, value \$150, net section 17, town-
 ship 11, range 130, 250 acres, value \$250,
 value \$40, taxes and costs \$120, page 141.

Mercey J. N. Mercey school district,
 1/2 sec. section 3, township 14, range 130,
 10 acres, value \$100, taxes and costs \$140,
 \$140, page 150.

Montgomery O. P. Centerville school
 district, net of sec. 3, township 11, range 130,
 range 23, 40 acres, total value \$300,
 net and costs \$137.75, page 149.

Malsburg J. Fresno Colony school
 district, Florence addition to Fresno, in
 block 1, lot 1, section 16, township 10,
 range 23, 10 acres, value \$40, taxes and
 costs \$141.

Musick B. P. Pine Ridge school district,
 1/2 sec. 1, township 10, range 130, 10 acres,

24. 40 acres, value \$72. Improvements mortgaged to G. W. Barnes for \$100. Personal property \$148, total value \$146, after deduction \$148, taxes and costs page 123.

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On George Kirk school district, addition to Fresno, lots 19 and 4, value \$63. Improvements \$25, property \$45, total value \$108, and costs \$25, page 24.

Reelfoot F M, Sunnyside school dis-
trict, township 15, range 12, 160 acres,
value \$150, taxes and costs \$5.10, page

non C. M. Canal school district, burg colony, w $\frac{1}{2}$ of lot 103, bluer s. 225, improvements \$51, Burp's addition Kingsburg, lot 4, value \$24, improvements \$150, Farley's addition to burg lots 11 and 12, block 1, value improvements \$191, total value \$355.

her Mrs Kate P. Madison school
t. n^o 2 of tw^o of tw^o of tw^o sec-
township H. range 20, 5 acres,
\$25, mortgaged to J R Webb for
personal property \$150, total value
uses and costs \$5.50, page 16.

ton M. E. Riverside school district,

value \$1220, improvements \$150, w₁
a 25, township 15, range 23, 230 acres,
\$420; Mendocino school district, s₂
e₄ section 8, township 15, range 23,
res. value \$249, improvements \$80,
mortgage to Harriet O Huntington
200, second mortgage to W S Hap-

page 23, 19.70 acres, value \$200; Anna school district, town of Beedley, block 51, value \$41, improvements and value \$16,663, value after deduction, 10,192, taxes and costs \$108.88, page 15.

15, amount due \$1500, total value
taxes and costs \$17.62, page 14.

Windsor Terrace addition consists of 45 and 46, block 7, value \$51, improvements \$50, mortgaged to People's Bank for \$20, trim value \$12, after deduction \$33, taxes and costs page 11.

Person Mrs Nancy J. Scandinavian

ing Bank of Southern California, for school district, fractional sek. (fr. of 11th sek.) section 15, township 15,

usfield John, Dear Park school dis-
section 13, township 14, range 27, 160
acres, value \$570. n $\frac{1}{2}$ of st 1/2, e $\frac{1}{2}$ of sw $\frac{1}{4}$
on 14, township 14, range 27, 159 acres.

27, 100 acres, value \$270, e¹/₂ of nat^l
on 12, township 11, range 27, 30 acres.
\$288, total value \$2918, taxes and
\$16.41, page 4.

Under William, Jacobinos school dis-
e¹/₂ of s-e¹/₄ section 12, township 21,

8. Irrigation ditch conveying water from Jacalitos creek to the edge of section 12, township 21, range 15, value \$200, taxes and costs \$1.25.

27.80 acres, value \$88, mortgaged to Bankers Trust Co. for \$5, total value \$238, after deduction \$45, taxes and costs page 2.

with R. A. Kingsburg school district, of Kingsburg, lots 6 and 7, block 3, p. 218, improvements \$24, personal property \$62, total value \$86, taxes and costs \$266, page 1.

with A. C. (heirs of) Belmont school
sect. East Fresno, lots 17, 18, 19 and

with W. S. Bosedale school district.
page interest in Kimble colony c/o of
for \$50, total value \$60, taxes and
\$1.00, page 50.

Washington colony, net of lot 79, 5
a. value \$168, total value \$168, taxes
costs \$2.14, page 82.

With Mrs P. B. Selma school district.
and South Selma, lots 1, 2, 3, 1, 7 and 5.
C. total value \$45. taxes and costs
page 102.

with John William, Burch school dis-
ney, of ne $\frac{1}{4}$ of ne $\frac{1}{4}$ of ne $\frac{1}{4}$ section 18, town-
20, range 18, 36 acres, total value \$41.
and costs \$1.41 page 107.

With C. B. Huron school district, Tay-
 addition to Huron, lot 24, block 7.

with J. W. Huron school district. Tax-
addition to Huron, lots 31 to 40, block
total value \$18, taxes and costs 20 cents,
113.

with T L. West Dry Creek schol dis-
trict, all section 35, township 14, range 14,
acres, value \$720. personal property

with Robert T. Panoche school district.
section 27, township 13, range 12, 190
s, total value \$150, taxes and costs
page 158.

with Frank, Kingsburg school district, n of Kingsburg, w of lots 4, 5 and 6, sec 6, total value \$18, taxes and costs

with Frank, Kingsburg school district.
Jackson's addition to Kingsburg, lots 15
and 16, block 3, total value \$15, taxes and
assessments \$1.40, page 172.

P R R Co. Burch school district, all
ion 1, township 2, range 13, 640 acres,
d value \$720, taxes and costs \$1.67,

P. R. R. Co., Pleasant Valley school district, all section 21, township 21, range 18, acres, total value \$1152, taxes and costs \$9, page 168.

P. R. R. Co., Crescent school district,

P R R Co, Crescent school district,
section 29, township 18, range 18, [2]
es, total value \$216, taxes and costs
6, page 121.

P 32 R Co. Mercer school district, all
tion 27, township 14, range 11, 618 acres,
ne \$720, all section 29, township 14, range
440 acres, value \$720, c/s section 31, town-
14, range 11, 320 acres, value \$360, w/4
tion 31, township 14, range 11, 299.33
es, value \$361, all section 33, township
14, range 11, 240 acres, value \$288, all sec-

38, township 14, range 11, 640 acres,
value \$720, total value \$1831, taxes and
fees \$7.51, page 151.

P R R Co, Crescent school district,
section 15, township 18, range 18, 160
acs. total value \$216, taxes and costs
5, page 178.

